FENERGEEZE + CBRE



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+ Arcsine

- Introduction
- Problem
- Solution overview
- Data modeling
- Backend services
- Frontend
- Demo
- Competitive advantages



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Problem

- Predict future energy load in a given area
- Predict estimated monthly energy bill for a given property
- Goal:
 - Increase profits on energy purchases
 - Increase customer satisfaction on property purchase/lease



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Watt's Up?

(Watts Usage Prediction)

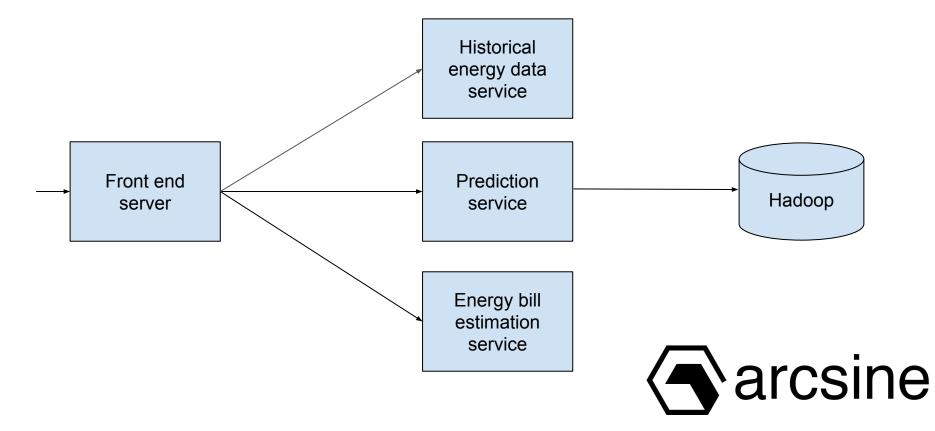


Watt's Up - Three Stages

- Data modeling
 - Energy usage prediction
 - Energy bill for property
- Services
 - Energy usage prediction
 - Energy bill for property
- Interactive web front end
 - Talks to services
 - Data visualization



Architecture – Microservices

















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- Computing framework on Hadoop
- Distributed data gathering
 - ERCOT energy data
 - NOAA GHCN-Daily weather data
- Distributed data processing



- Distributed, scalable big data store
- Storage of weather data



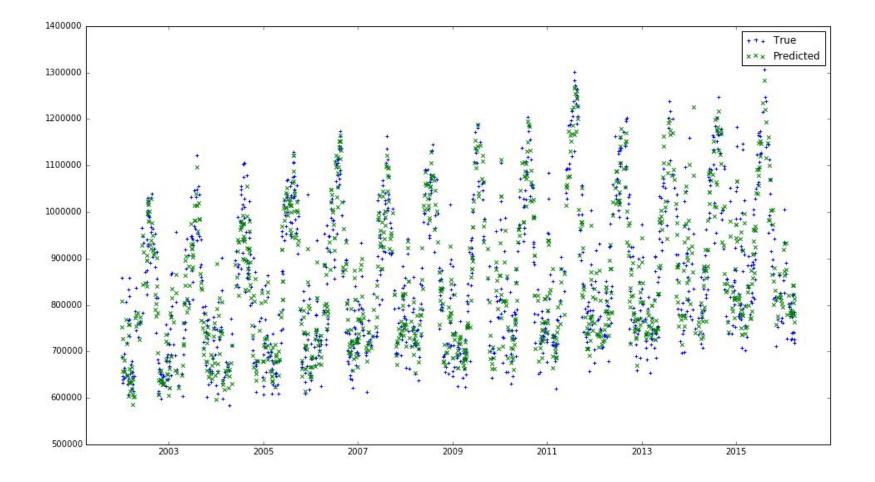
• Fit and evaluate models



Energy usage model

- Criteria
 - Date
 - Weather
 - Max/min/avg temp
 - Precipitation, snow depth
 - Wind speed
 - Water evaporation
 - Total sunshine
 - Holidays
- Target
 - Energy load

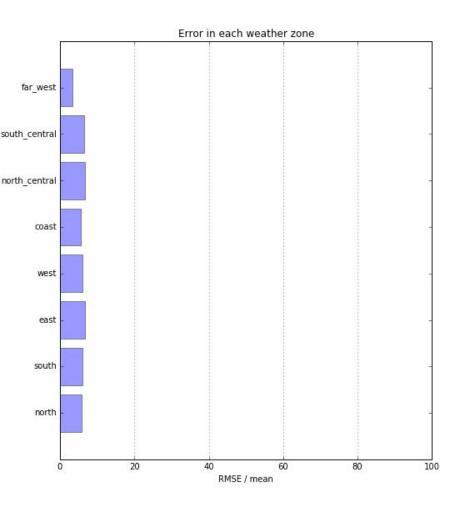




Accuracy methodology

- 80/20 train/test split
- RMSE of predicted vs. actual (over the test set)
- Divide RMSE by mean of test values
 - Normalize to a percentage





Weather zone	Error (RMSE / mean)
North	5.94%
South	5.59%
East	6.66%
West	6.33%
Coast	5.71%
North Central	7.11%
South Central	7.20%
Far West	3.17%

County-level predictions

- No data on actuals
- Multiply zone-level prediction by population percentage of county

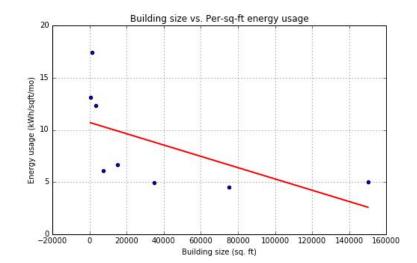


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Energy bill model

- Model energy usage as function of building size
- Least squares regression
- Approximation-generalization tradeoff



Data: Building Performance Database, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, United States Department of Energy



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Energy usage prediction service

```
$ curl -X POST -d'{"location": {"county": "McLennan"}, "date": "2015-02-14"}' $URL
{
    "error": {},
    "result": {
        "date": "2015-02-14",
        "location": {
            "county": "mclennan"
        },
        "value": 237301.16503092414
    },
    "unit": "MWh"
```



Energy bill service

```
$ curl -X POST -d'{"square_feet": 1000}' $URL
{
    "error": {},
    "result": 933.4258796934,
    "unit": "USD"
```



Historical data service

```
$ curl $URL/south/2002-01-01
{
    "date": "2002-01-01",
    "unit": "MWh",
    "usage": 53817.17388275522,
    "weather_zone": "south"
}
```





- All services and the frontend deployed as containers
- Independently scalable, testable, maintainable
- Solves dependency conflicts
- Starting the application is a one-liner:

\$ docker-compose up





• Run-time access of weather data



- Python micro-framework
- Basis for microservices

NGIИX

- Lightweight, scalable
- HTTP server
- Reverse proxy



- Lightweight, scalable
- Python WSGI server



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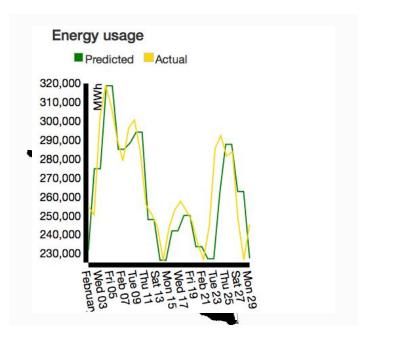








- Data visualization in JavaScript
- Our uses:
 - Geographical map
 - Actuals vs. predictions





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Architecture – Microservices

- High cohesion
- Low coupling
- Testable
- Maintainable
- Scalable





energy-usage-prediction — -bash — 85×13 (env-test) taylors@SPL07: ~/dev/energy-usage-prediction \$ py.test test platform darwin -- Python 3.5.1, pytest-2.9.1, py-1.4.31, pluggy-0.3.1 rootdir: /Users/taylors/dev/energy-usage-prediction/test, inifile: collected 124 items test/test_energy_bill_service.py test/test frontend.py ... test/test historical_data_service.py test/test prediction service.py



Why us?

- Flexible
 - Loose coupling
- Scalable
 - Scale services independently
 - Hadoop
- Maintainable
 - \circ Well-tested
 - Microservices easy to understand, change



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